

EXHIBIT J

PROFORMA I
STATEMENT OF WORK DONE BY THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY DURING THE QUARTER ENDING ON (31st MARCH) 2007

Page : 1

Description Of Cases	Cases Pending at the Beginning of Quarter	Insti- tution during the Qtr	Disposal During the quarter				By Full Bench				By Constitution Bench				Number of case in which Judgmt. reserved & pending				Cases Pending at the end of quarter
			Preliminary hearing	By a Single Judge	By Division Bench	Total	By Division Bench	By Full Bench	Total	Over a mth. less than 2 month	Over 2 mth. less than 4 month	Over 4 mth. less than 6 month	Over 6 mth.	Over 6 mth.	Judgmt. reserved	Over 2 mth. less than 4 month	Over 4 mth. less than 6 month	Over 6 mth.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14						
MAIN CASES, ORIGINAL SIDE (CIVIL)																			
1.Suits																			
a) Civil Suits	41652	1547	132	603	0	0	0	0	735	0	0	0	0	42464					
a1) Third Party Notice	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0					
b) Admiralty Suits	42	11	0	5	0	0	0	0	5	0	0	0	0	48					
2. Testamentary & Interstate Suit	1155	25	0	193	0	0	0	0	193	0	0	0	0	987					
3. Insolvency Cases	317	56	0	46	0	0	0	0	46	0	0	0	0	327					
4. Liquidation Cases	1653	15	0	244	0	0	0	0	244	0	0	0	0	1424					
5. Chartered Account Act 1949	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6					
6. Special Jurisdiction Cases i.e. (Parsi Matrimonial Suits)	21	20	0	22	0	0	0	0	22	0	0	0	0	19					
7. Writ Petition																			
a) Service Matters	459	42	0	11	44	0	0	0	55	0	0	0	0	446					
b) Land Reforms Including Ceiling	349	129	0	19	80	0	0	0	99	0	0	0	0	379					
c) Labour Laws	289	19	0	182	116	0	0	0	298	0	0	0	0	20					
d) Others	5196	810	0	38	398	0	0	0	436	0	0	0	0	5570					
8a. Banking Regulation Act 1949	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0					
8b. Exec. Transferred & Int. Appln. U/S 45(c) of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0					
9. Company Petition & Application																			
a) Petitions	333	139	0	163	0	0	0	0	163	0	0	0	0	309					
b) Application In Petitions	711	153	47	87	0	0	0	0	134	0	0	0	0	730					
c) Application in Liquidation Proceedings	360	217	5	219	0	0	0	0	224	0	0	0	0	353					

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PROFORMA I
STATEMENT OF WORK DONE BY THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY DURING THE QUARTER ENDING ON (31st MARCH) 2007

Page : 2	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
	248	0	15	14	0	0	0	0	14	0	0	0	0	249
d)Application in Company Appeal														
e)Matters Transferred U/S 446(3) of Co mp. Act														
f)Contempt Petition	28	88	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	116
g)Liquidator's Report	8	140	0	142	0	0	0	142	0	0	0	0	0	6
h)Review Petition	8	78	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	86
i)Company Appeals	34	39	9	4	0	0	0	13	0	0	0	0	0	60
10. Income Tax References & Application s	3643	113	148	0	343	0	0	491	0	0	0	0	0	3265
11. Sales Tax References & Applications	168	3	5	0	2	0	0	7	0	0	0	0	0	164
12. Other Direct & in-direct Tax Ref. & Application														
a)Gift & Wealth Tax, Estate Duty Ref. & Application	1184	19	21	0	3	0	0	24	0	0	0	0	0	1179
b)Other Tax Revision Cases	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
c)Other Tax Reference & Application	257	52	0	0	58	0	0	58	0	0	0	0	0	251
13. Petition Under Indian Arbitration Act	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
a)Decree in terms of Award	121	120	0	39	0	0	0	39	0	0	0	0	0	202
b)Application for appointment of Arbitrator	86	118	0	58	0	0	0	58	0	0	0	0	0	146
14. Matrimonial cases & References														
a)Matrimonial Suits/Cases	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
b)Matrimonial References	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
c)Petition U/S 24 of the Hindu Marriage Act	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
15. Land Acquisition References	81	0	0	4	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	77
16. Election Petition & Application														
a)Election Petition	29	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	28
b)Application in Election Cases	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

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PROFORMA I

STATEMENT OF WORK DONE BY THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY DURING THE QUARTER ENDING ON (31st MARCH) 2007

Page : 3

	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
1													
c)Re-Crimination	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
17. Insurance Act Reference & Application	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18. Motion													
a) Motion for sanction of Prosecution	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
b) Motion for Setting Aside Fraudulent Transfer	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
c) Motion for Annulments of Adjudication Orders	5	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10
d) Motion for Setting Aside Insolvency Cases	45	22	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	67
e) Notice of Motion for Stay Order	16	9	0	2	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	23
19. Other Petition and Application													
a) Probate Civil Petition	880	308	162	19	0	0	0	181	0	0	0	0	1007
b) Petition under Guardian & Wards Act	206	92	0	182	0	0	0	182	0	0	0	0	116
c) Contempt of Court (civil) Petition	269	17	0	55	0	0	0	55	0	0	0	0	231
d) Cross Objection	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
e) Summons for Judgements	302	40	0	152	0	0	0	152	0	0	0	0	190
f) Application for Leave to sue as Indigent Person	75	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	76
g) Execution Application on the Original Side	627	135	72	0	0	0	0	72	0	0	0	0	690
h) Special Cases under order XXXVI of CPC 1908	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
i) Application under Crt. Fees Act reg. value of Estate	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
j) Petition Under Foreign Awards, (Recognition & Enforcement Act, 1961)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
k) Petition/Application For													
k1) Injunction in Original Proceedings	1215	0	1215	0	0	0	0	1215	0	0	0	0	0
k2) Appointment of receivers in Original Proceedings	799	0	799	0	0	0	0	799	0	0	0	0	0

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PROFORMA I

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<http://bombayhighcourt.nic.in/site/rtnules/prof112007.txt>

Page : 4	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
k3)Application for appointment of Arbitrator	7		1	3	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	5
l)Original Side Petitions	4776		650	0	227	52	0	0	279	0	0	0	0	5147
m)Trust Petitions	6		0	0	2	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	4
n)Lunacy Petitions	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
o)Petition Under Insurance Act	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
p)Disciplinary matters	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
q)Petitions Under Trade Mark Act	145		0	0	142	0	0	0	142	0	0	0	0	3
19.1)Insolvency pending after order of Adjudication	418		4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	422
19.2)Other Petitions	77		46	0	37	0	0	0	37	0	0	0	0	86
TOTAL	68316		5298	2632	2898	1096	0	0	6626	0	0	0	0	66988

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PROFORMA I

STATEMENT OF WORK DONE BY THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY DURING THE QUARTER ENDING ON (31st MARCH) 2007

Page : 5	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
ORIGINAL SIDE (CRIMINAL)														
21.High Court Sessions	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
22.Writ Petition														
a)Relating to Investigation of Criminal Cases	298		109	141	31	19	0	0	191	0	0	0	0	216
b)Habeas Corpus Petitions	7		18	6	0	2	0	0	8	0	0	0	0	17
c)Other Writ Petitions	4657		797	519	106	179	0	0	804	0	0	0	0	4650
d)P.I.L. (WP)	11		1	4	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	8
23.Sp.Cr. Application For Writ under Constitution & U/S 491 of the Code of Cr. Procedure,1898	15		12	8	6	2	0	0	16	0	0	0	0	11
24.Criminal Content under Contempt of Court Act	58		6	11	0	1	0	0	12	0	0	0	0	52
25.Others														
a)Referred Trial Cases	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
b)Application us/482 of CrPC of 1973	3316		248	156	111	109	0	0	376	0	0	0	0	3188

or under any other corresponding provisions

	8362	1191	845	254	312	0	0	1411	0	0	0	0	0	8142
TOTAL														

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PROFORMA I

STATEMENT OF WORK DONE BY THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY DURING THE QUARTER ENDING ON (31st MARCH) 2007

Page : 6

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
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APPELLATE SIDE(CIVIL)

27. Writ Appeals

a) Service Matters	11985	1022	643	153	260	0	0	1056	0	0	0	0	11951
b) Land Reference including Land Ceiling	5378	711	641	87	67	0	0	795	0	0	0	0	5294
c) Labour Laws	8559	883	505	195	62	0	0	762	0	0	0	0	8680
d) Others	37355	3445	2377	516	382	0	0	3275	0	0	0	0	37525
e) P.I.L. (NP)	352	37	37	0	0	0	0	37	0	0	0	0	352
f) Suo-Moto WP	4	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	3
28. Letters Patent Appeals	1291	212	155	0	80	0	0	235	0	0	0	0	1268
a) Arbitration Petition	18	13	17	0	0	0	0	17	0	0	0	0	14

29. First Appeal Form

a) Judgement	33998	1770	260	72	30	0	0	362	0	0	0	0	35406
b) Family Court Appeals	422	69	10	0	12	0	0	22	0	0	0	0	469
c) Orders	268	30	23	11	0	0	0	34	0	0	0	0	264
d) FERA Appeal	131	20	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	150
30. Second Appeal From Judgement	18826	572	467	114	0	0	0	581	0	0	0	0	18817
a) Misc. Civil Applications	70	40	24	3	0	0	0	27	0	0	0	0	83
b) Contempt Appeals	13	1	2	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	12
c) Special Civil Applications	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

31. Miscellaneous First Appeal From

a) Judgement	1112	332	240	73	0	0	0	313	0	0	0	0	1131
b) Orders	125	33	11	3	0	0	0	14	0	0	0	0	144

32. Miscellaneous Second Appeal From

a) Judgement	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
--------------	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

b) By Govt. from Judgement of Acquittal	4954	205	29	50	18	0	0	97	0	0	0	5062
c) By complainant u/s 378(4) of CrPC	229	27	28	4	0	0	0	32	0	0	0	224
d) Appeals for enhancement u/s 377 of CrPC	268	14	8	0	0	0	0	8	0	0	0	274
e) Family Court Criminal Appeals	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
39. Criminal Revision	3702	343	213	79	4	0	0	296	0	0	0	3749
40. Confirmation cases u/s 366 of CrPC or under any corresponding provisions	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2
41. Criminal References	19	1	3	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	17
42. Others												
a) Fresh Bail Application pending Investigation/Trial	175	168	204	3	4	0	0	211	0	0	0	132
b) Bail, Including Anticipatory Bail Application	923	634	607	3	4	0	0	614	0	0	0	943
TOTAL	17480	1833	1152	206	80	0	0	1438	0	0	0	17875
GRAND TOTAL	221559	18159	10534	4883	2388	0	0	17805	0	0	0	221913

High Court, Appellate Side)
)
 Assistant)
)
 Section Officer)
)
 Statistical Br.)
)
 Bombay)
)
 Assistant Registrar)
)
 Statistical Br.)
)
 Registrar)
)
 Judicial II)
)

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EXHIBIT K

PROFORMA I
STATEMENT OF WORK DONE BY THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY DURING THE QUARTER ENDING ON (30th JUNE) 2007

Page : 1

Description of Cases

Description Of Cases	Cases		Insti- tution during the Qtr	Disposal During the quarter				Number of case in which				Cases Pending at the end of quarter	
	Pending at the begin- ing of Quarter	Preli- minary hearing		By a Single Judge	By Divi- sion Bench	By Full Bench	By Consti- tution Bench	Total	Judgmt. reserved & pending.				
									Over a mth. less than 2 month	Over 2 mth. & less than 4 month	Over 4 mth. & less than 6 month		Over 6 mth
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
MAIN CASES, ORIGINAL SIDE (CIVIL)													
1.Suits													
a)Civil Suits	42464	652	1	685	0	0	0	686	0	0	0	0	42430
a1)Third Party Notice	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
b)Admiralty Suits	48	17	0	14	0	0	0	14	0	0	0	0	51
2.Testamentary & Interstate Suit	987	11	0	8	0	0	0	8	0	0	0	0	990
3.Insolvency Cases	327	19	0	15	0	0	0	15	0	0	0	0	331
4.Liquidation Cases	1424	49	0	444	0	0	0	444	0	0	0	0	1029
5.Chartered Account Act 1949	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6
6.Special Jurisdiction Cases i.e. (Pa rsi Matrimonial Suits)	19	4	0	9	0	0	0	9	0	0	0	0	14
7.Writ Petition													
a)Service Matters	446	46	0	73	11	0	0	84	0	0	0	0	408
b)Land Reforms Including Ceiling	379	127	0	107	17	0	0	124	0	0	0	0	382
c)Labour Laws	20	77	0	24	60	0	0	84	0	0	0	0	13
d)Others	5570	409	0	442	57	0	0	499	0	0	0	0	5480
8a.Banking Regulation Act 1949	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
8b.Exec. Transferred & Int. Appln. U/S 45(c) of the Banking Regulation Ac t.1949.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
9.Company Petiton & Application													
a)Petitions	309	194	3	122	0	0	0	125	0	0	0	0	378
b)Application In Petitions	730	212	18	169	0	0	0	187	0	0	0	0	755
c)Application in Liquidation Proceedi ngs	353	51	14	221	0	0	0	235	0	0	0	0	169

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PROFORMA I
STATEMENT OF WORK DONE BY THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY DURING THE QUARTER ENDING ON (30th JUNE) 2007

Page : 2	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
d) Application in Company Appeal	249	19	5	0	0	0	0	0	5	0	0	0	0	263
e) Matters Transferred U/S 446(3) of Co. Op. Act	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
f) Contempt Petition	116	149	0	67	0	0	0	0	67	0	0	0	0	198
g) Liquidator's Report	6	89	0	89	0	0	0	0	89	0	0	0	0	6
h) Review Petition	86	78	0	22	0	0	0	0	22	0	0	0	0	142
i) Company Appeals	60	8	0	10	1	0	0	0	11	0	0	0	0	57
10. Income Tax References & Applications	3265	215	145	187	419	0	0	0	751	0	0	0	0	2729
11. Sales Tax References & Applications	164	3	1	0	4	0	0	0	5	0	0	0	0	162
12. Other Direct & in-direct Tax Ref. & Application	1179	9	98	40	70	0	0	0	208	0	0	0	0	980
a) Gift & Wealth Tax, Estate Duty Ref. & Application	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
b) Other Tax Revision Cases	251	6	0	25	0	0	0	0	25	0	0	0	0	232
c) Other Tax Reference & Application	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
13. Petition Under Indian Arbitration Act	202	122	0	96	0	0	0	0	96	0	0	0	0	228
a) Decree in terms of Award	146	52	34	17	0	0	0	0	51	0	0	0	0	147
b) Application for appointment of Arbitrator	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
14. Matrimonial cases & References	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
a) Matrimonial Suits/Cases	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
b) Matrimonial References	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
c) Petition U/S 24 of the Hindu Marriage Act	77	1	0	4	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	74
15. Land Acquisition References	28	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	25
16. Election Petition & Application	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
a) Election Petition	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
b) Application in Election Cases	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

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PROFORMA I

STATEMENT OF WORK DONE BY THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY DURING THE QUARTER ENDING ON (30th JUNE) 2007

Page : 3

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
c)Re-Crimination	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
17. Insurance Act Reference & Application	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18. Motion														
a) Motion for sanction of Prosecution	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
b) Motion for Setting Aside Fraudulent Transfer	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
c) Motion for Annulments of Adjudication Orders	10	7	0	0	10	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	0	7
d) Motion for Setting Aside Insolvency Cases	67	31	0	0	12	0	0	0	12	0	0	0	0	86
e) Notice of Motion for Stay Order	23	4	0	0	2	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	25
19. Other Petition and Application														
a) Probate Civil Petition	1007	197	118	3	0	0	0	0	121	0	0	0	0	1083
b) Petition under Guardian & Wards Act	116	258	0	61	0	0	0	0	61	0	0	0	0	313
c) Contempt of Court (civil) Petition	231	1	230	0	0	0	0	0	230	0	0	0	0	2
d) Cross Objection	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
e) Summons for Judgements	190	97	0	167	0	0	0	0	167	0	0	0	0	120
f) Application for Leave to sue as Indigent Person	76	2	36	0	0	0	0	0	36	0	0	0	0	42
g) Execution Application on the Original Side	690	115	0	89	0	0	0	0	89	0	0	0	0	716
h) Special Cases under order XXXVI of CPC 1908	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
i) Application under Crt. Fees Act reg. value of Estate	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
j) Petition Under Foreign Awards, (Recognition & Enforcement Act, 1961)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
k) Petition/Application For														
k1) Injunction in Original Proceedings	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
k2) Appointment of receivers in Original Proceedings	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

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PROFORMA I

STATEMENT OF WORK DONE BY THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY DURING THE QUARTER ENDING ON (30th JUNE) 2007

<http://bombayhighcourt.nic.in/site/rtnules/prof122007.txt>

Page : 4	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
k)Application for appointment of Arbitrator	5	3	3	2	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	6
l)Original Side Petitions	5147	323	8	0	688	0	0	688	0	0	0	0	0	4782
m)Trust Petitions	4	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6
n)Lunacy Petitions	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
o)Petition Under Insurance Act	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
p)Disciplinary matters	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
q)Petitions Under Trade Mark Act	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
19.1)Insolvency pending after order of Adjudication	422	3	0	10	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	0	0	415
19.2)Other Petitions	86	0	86	0	0	0	0	86	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	66988	3662	800	3246	1319	0	0	5365	0	0	0	0	0	65285

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PROFORMA I

STATEMENT OF WORK DONE BY THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY DURING THE QUARTER ENDING ON (30th JUNE) 2007

Page : 5	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
ORIGINAL SIDE (CRIMINAL)	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	
21.High Court Sessions	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
22.Writ Petition														
a)Relating to Investigation of Criminal Cases	216	250	145	8	17	0	0	170	0	0	0	0	0	296
b)Habeas Corpus Petitions	17	21	15	0	6	0	0	21	0	0	0	0	0	17
c)Other Writ Petitions	4650	641	510	150	176	0	0	836	0	0	0	0	0	4455
d)P.I.L. (WP)	8	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	11
23.Sp.Cr. Application For Writ under Constitution & U/S 491 of the Code of Cr. Procedure.1898	11	8	8	0	0	0	0	8	0	0	0	0	0	11
24.Criminal Content under Contempt of Court Act	52	11	4	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	59
25.Others														
a)Referred Trial Cases	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
b)Application us/482 of CrPC of 1973	3188	310	498	109	37	0	0	644	0	0	0	0	0	2854

or under any other corresponding provisions

TOTAL	8142	1244	1180	267	236	0	0	1683	0	0	0	0	0	7703
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PROFORMA I

STATEMENT OF WORK DONE BY THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY DURING THE QUARTER ENDING ON (30th JUNE) 2007

Page : 6

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	----	----	----	----	----

APPELLATE SIDE(CIVIL)

27.Writ Appeals

a)Service Matters	11951	849	441	168	251	0	0	860	0	0	0	0	11940
b)Land Reference including Land Ceiling	5294	616	695	48	98	0	0	841	0	0	0	0	5069
c)Labour Laws	8680	855	396	158	46	0	0	600	0	0	0	0	8935
d)Others	37525	3929	2524	542	295	0	0	3361	3	0	0	0	38093
e)P.I.L.(WP)	352	53	28	0	0	0	0	28	0	0	0	0	377
f)Suo-Moto WP	3	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	3
28.Letters Patent Appeals	1368	174	125	0	94	0	0	219	0	0	0	0	1223
a)Arbitration Petition	14	10	7	0	0	0	0	7	0	0	0	0	17

29.First Appeal Form

a)Judgement	35406	1209	219	95	57	0	0	371	0	0	0	0	36244
b)Family Court Appeals	469	64	28	0	19	0	0	47	0	0	0	0	486
c)Orders	264	30	7	0	0	0	0	7	0	0	0	0	287
d)FERA Appeal	150	19	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	169
30.Second Appeal From Judgement	18817	633	274	95	0	0	0	369	0	0	0	0	19081
a)Misc. Civil Applications	83	33	26	7	0	0	0	33	0	0	0	0	83
b)Contempt Appeals	12	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	12
c)Special Civil Applications	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

31.Miscellaneous First Appeal From

a)Judgement	1131	322	239	58	0	0	0	297	0	0	0	0	1156
b)Orders	144	31	10	12	0	0	0	22	0	0	0	0	153

32.Miscellaneous Second Appeal From

a)Judgement	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
-------------	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

Page 7 of 7

b)By Govt. from Judgement of Acquittal	5062	103	39	8	48	0	0	95	0	0	0	0	0	5070
c)By compalinant u/s 378(4) of CrPC	224	63	29	0	3	0	0	32	0	0	0	0	0	255
d)Appeals for enhancement u/s 377 of CrPC	274	12	3	2	0	0	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	281
e)Family Court Criminal Appeals	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
39.Criminal Revision	3749	299	145	43	11	0	0	199	0	0	0	0	0	3849
40.Confirmation cases u/s 366 of CrPC or under any corresponding provisions	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
41.Criminal References	17	0	3	0	0	0	0	3	1	0	0	0	0	14
42.Others														
a)Fresh Bail Application pending Investigation/Trial	132	173	132	5	2	0	0	139	0	0	0	0	0	166
b)Bail, Including Anticipatory Bail Application	943	782	737	0	0	0	0	737	0	0	0	0	0	988
TOTAL	17875	1782	1127	84	113	0	0	1324	1	0	0	0	0	18333
GRAND TOTAL	221913	16225	8548	4921	2532	0	0	16001	4	0	0	0	0	222137

High Court, Appellate Side)
 Assistant)
 Bombay) Statistical Br.)
 Deputy Registrar
 Statistical Br. Registrar
 Judicial II
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EXHIBIT L

PROFORMA III
HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY
CLASSIFICATION OF CASES PENDING AT THE END OF QUARTER ENDING ON (31st MARCH) 2007
IN TERMS OF DATE OF INSTITUTION

Page : 1

Description Of Cases

Pending For

Description Of Cases	Less than 1 year	1 - 2 years		2 - 3 years		3 - 4 years		4 - 5 years		5 - 6 years		6 - 7 years		7 - 8 years		8 - 9 years		9 - 10 years		over 10 years		Total
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	
1																						
MAIN CASES, ORIGINAL SIDE (CIVIL)																						
1.Suits																						
a) Civil Suits	263	3219	2873	2751	2511	2565	2373	2450	3409	2501	17549	42464										
a1) Third Party Notice	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
b) Admiralty Suits	10	11	3	0	1	6	1	2	5	2	7	48										
2. Testamentary & Interstate Suit	25	76	77	47	68	58	42	77	71	67	379	987										
3. Insolvency Cases	15	96	101	52	21	19	13	3	4	0	3	327										
4. Liquidation Cases	63	84	124	231	138	179	220	175	210	0	0	1424										
5. Chartered Account Act 1949	0	0	0	2	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	6										
6. Special Jurisdiction Cases i.e. (Parsi Matrimonial Suits)	1	11	2	0	3	0	0	1	0	1	0	19										
7. Writ Petition																						
a) Service Matters	76	150	106	88	18	8	0	0	0	0	0	446										
b) Land Reforms Including Ceiling	135	68	38	61	49	13	15	0	0	0	0	379										
c) Labour Laws	20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	20										
d) Others	78	1472	1223	691	383	404	635	259	254	142	29	5570										
8a. Banking Regulation Act 1949	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0										
8b. Exec. Transferred & Int. Appln. U/S 45(c) of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0										
9. Company Petition & Application																						
a) Petitions	73	167	21	17	5	6	3	4	2	4	7	309										
b) Application In Petitions	204	56	62	112	52	23	24	18	20	16	143	730										
c) Application in Liquidation Proceedings	35	125	46	15	11	17	19	8	16	15	46	353										

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PROFORMA III
HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY

CLASSIFICATION OF CASES PENDING AT THE END OF QUARTER ENDING ON (31st MARCH) 2007
IN TERMS OF DATE OF INSTITUTION

Page : 2	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
d)Application in Company Appeal	13	28	17	26	54	41	6	0	0	0	0	0	0
e)Matters Transferred U/S 446(3) of Co mp. Act	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
f)Contempt Petition	18	16	13	13	6	7	10	10	11	4	8	116	
g)Liquidator's Report	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	
h)Review Petition	10	21	9	10	9	5	7	2	4	1	8	86	
i)Company Appeals	32	3	4	4	0	1	0	1	0	6	9	60	
10. Income Tax References & Application s	101	168	65	116	33	193	92	199	386	781	1131	3265	
11. Sales Tax References & Applications	2	30	16	2	20	8	8	0	0	0	70	164	
12. Other Direct & In-direct Tax Ref. & Application													
a)Gift & Wealth Tax, Estate Duty Ref. & Application	11	49	20	79	19	60	12	26	79	221	603	1179	
b)Other Tax Revision Cases	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
c)Other Tax Reference & Application	0	14	0	14	32	48	55	49	8	2	29	251	
13. Petition Under Indian Arbitration Act	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
a)Decree in terms of Award	99	66	17	4	2	0	3	1	1	2	7	202	
b)Application for appointment of Arbitrator	70	70	3	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	146	
14. Matrimonial cases & References													
a)Matrimonial Suits/Cases	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
b)Matrimonial References	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
c)Petition U/S 24 of the Hindu Marriage Act	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
15. Land Acquisition References	0	8	8	6	8	1	2	3	3	0	38	77	
16. Election Petition & Application													
a)Election Petition	11	1	0	16	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	28	
b)Application in Election Cases	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	

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PROFORMA III
HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY
CLASSIFICATION OF CASES PENDING AT THE END OF QUARTER ENDING ON (31st MARCH) 2007

IN TERMS OF DATE OF INSTITUTION

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
1													
c)Re-Crimination	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
17. Insurance Act Reference & Application	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18. Motion													
a) Motion for sanction of Prosecution	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
b) Motion for Setting Aside Fraudulent Transfer	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
c) Motion for Annulments of Adjudication Orders	8	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10
d) Motion for Setting Aside Insolvency Cases	25	42	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	67
e) Notice of Motion for Stay Order	13	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	23
19. Other Petition and Application													
a) Probate Civil Petition	281	638	86	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	1007
b) Petition under Guardian & Wards Act	18	16	13	13	6	7	10	10	11	4	8	116	
c) Contempt of Court (civil) Petition	60	26	9	0	6	4	4	39	3	0	80	231	
d) Cross Objection	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
e) Summons for Judgements	97	35	45	5	3	1	0	2	0	0	2	190	
f) Application for Leave to sue as Indigent Person	2	6	9	14	23	5	3	3	5	3	3	76	
g) Execution Application on the Original Side	126	250	155	74	77	4	4	0	0	0	0	690	
h) Special Cases under order XXXVI of CPC 1908	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
i) Application under Crt. Fees Act reg. value of Estate	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
j) Petition Under Foreign Awards, (Recognition & Enforcement Act, 1961)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
k) Petition/Application For													
k1) Injunction in Original Proceedings	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
k2) Appointment of receivers in Original Proceedings	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	

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PROFORMA III
HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY
CLASSIFICATION OF CASES PENDING AT THE END OF QUARTER ENDING ON (31st MARCH) 2007

IN TERMS OF DATE OF INSTITUTION

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
K3)Application for appointment of Arbitrator	0	0	2	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5
l)Original Side Petitions	592	973	731	867	346	422	470	510	161	62	13	5147	
m)Trust Petitions	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	4	
n)Lunacy Petitions	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
o)Petition Under Insurance Act	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
p)Disciplinary matters	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
q)Petitions Under Trade Mark Act	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	
19.1)Insolvency pending after order of Adjudication	0	124	51	52	77	32	13	14	29	0	30	422	
19.2)Other Petitions	10	21	9	10	9	5	7	2	4	1	8	86	
TOTAL	2603	8157	5959	5394	3996	4142	4051	3879	4704	3842	20261	66988	

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PROFORMA III
HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY
CLASSIFICATION OF CASES PENDING AT THE END OF QUARTER ENDING ON (31st MARCH) 2007
IN TERMS OF DATE OF INSTITUTION

IN TERMS OF DATE OF INSTITUTION													
Page	5												
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	
ORIGINAL SIDE(CRIMINAL)													
21.High Court Sessions	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
22.Writ Petition													
a)Relating to Investigation of Criminal Cases	110	82	16	5	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	216	
b)Habeas Corpus Petitions	11	5	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	17	
c)Other Writ Petitions	1363	1076	593	474	321	207	175	159	96	57	129	4650	
d)P.I.L. (WP)	1	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8	
23.Sp.Cr. Application For Writ under Constitution & U/S.491 of the Code of Cr. Procedure,1898	7	1	0	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	11	
24.Criminal Contemt under Contempt of Court Act	6	13	12	6	3	3	4	1	1	0	3	52	
25.Others													
a)Referred Trial Cases	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

b)Application us/482 of CrPC of 1973
or under any other corresponding provisions

2309	1717	1062	888	687	445	305	175	108	126	320	8142
TOTAL											

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PROFORMA III													
HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY													
CLASSIFICATION OF CASES PENDING AT THE END OF QUARTER ENDING ON (31st MARCH) 2007													
IN TERMS OF DATE OF INSTITUTION													
Page : 6	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
APPELLATE SIDE(CIVIL)													
27.Writ Appeals													

a)Judgement

b)Orders

33. Revision Petitions

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PROFORMA III

HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY
CLASSIFICATION OF CASES PENDING AT THE END OF QUARTER ENDING ON (31st MARCH) 2007
IN TERMS OF DATE OF INSTITUTION

Page : 7

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
34.Civil References	15	16	22	0	1	5	11	5	1	1	2	79	
35.Civil Misc. Petitions under article 227 of the Constitution.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
36.Other Appeals													
a)City Civil Court Appeals	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
b)Review of Judgement	6	7	1	4	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	20	
c)Compensation claim and Special Appeals	99	187	105	175	141	199	62	56	74	91	554	1743	
d)Original Civil Jurisdiction Appeals	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
e)Execution First Appeal	1	4	3	4	2	0	0	2	0	0	4	20	
f)Special Tribunal Appeal	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
g)Appeals under ESI Act	1	9	1	6	9	1	2	0	0	0	0	29	
h)Appeals under Workman Compensation Act	0	0	0	1	0	1	2	1	0	0	0	5	
36.A)Contempt of Court(civil) Petition	770	414	425	213	129	66	39	46	68	68	221	2459	
36.B)Appeal under Contempt of Court Act	0	3	1	2	4	1	2	0	0	0	3	16	
i)A/u Arbitration Act	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
j)Arbitration Appeal	7	3	7	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	22	
TOTAL	27448	27805	10806	10388	8724	7653	5361	4431	3948	4345	17999	128908	

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PROFORMA III

HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY
CLASSIFICATION OF CASES PENDING AT THE END OF QUARTER ENDING ON (31st MARCH) 2007
IN TERMS OF DATE OF INSTITUTION

Page : 8

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
APPELLATE SIDE (CRIMINAL)													

Page 7 of 7

38.Criminal Appeals

a) By person Convicted

b) By Govt. from Judgement of Acquitta

g. sub

c) By compalinant u/s 378(4) of CrPC

d) Appeals for enhancement u/s 377 of CrPC

e) Family Court Criminal Appeals

39. Criminal Revision

40. Confirmation cases u/s 366 of CrPc or under any corresponding provisio
ns

41. Criminal References

42. Others

a) Fresh Bail Application pending Investigation/Trial

b) Bail. Including Anticipatory Bail Application

TOTAL

GRAND TOTAL

High Court, Appellate Side	{	Assistant	{
Bombay	{	Statistical Br.	{

Section Officer
Statistical Br.

Assistant Registrar
Statistical Br.

Registrar
Judicial II

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EXHIBIT M

The Supreme Court of India



The Supreme Court of India

ANNUAL REPORT 2006 - 2007

(Published by the Supreme Court of India)



As a result of the above referred steps taken, and despite the Judge-strength of the Supreme Court remaining the same, there has been considerable increase in the disposal of cases. The total disposal of cases in the year 2001 was 38,842 cases, whereas the disposal of cases in the year 2006 was 56,540, cumulative increase being as much as 46% (approximately) in a period of 5 years. In 2007, 48,027 cases have already been disposed of till 30th September, 2007.

However, there has been enormous

increase in the institution of fresh cases during this period which surpassed the figure of disposal. Total number of matters instituted in the year 2006 was 61,839 as against 39,419 in 2001. 53,066 cases have already been instituted till 30th September, 2007. This has resulted in marginal increase in the pendency of cases each year since 2001. The pendency of both Admission and Regular matters as on 30.09.2007 is 44,819. Various measures are being taken to check the increase in the pendency of cases and to reduce the arrears.

STATEMENT OF INSTITUTION DISPOSAL & PENDENCY OF CASES IN THE SUPREME COURT OF INDIA FROM THE YEAR 1950 TO 30.09.2007

YEAR	INSTITUTION		TOTAL	DISPOSAL		TOTAL	PENDENCY		TOTAL
	ADMISSION	REGULAR		ADMISSION	REGULAR		ADMISSION	REGULAR	
1950	1,037	178	1,215	491	34	525	546	144	690
1951	1,324	600	1,924	1,560	227	1,787	310	517	827
1952	1,127	330	1,457	1,145	527	1,672	292	320	612
1953	1,354	360	1,714	1,163	252	1,415	483	428	911
1954	1,743	410	2,153	1,522	427	1,949	704	411	1,115
1955	1,580	512	2,092	1,669	200	1,869	615	723	1,338
1956	1,732	630	2,362	1,720	258	1,978	627	1,095	1,722
1957	1,490	999	2,489	1,517	411	1,928	600	1,683	2,283
1958	1,698	784	2,482	1,694	623	2,317	604	1,844	2,448
1959	1,870	783	2,653	1,829	682	2,511	645	1,945	2,590
1960	1,971	1,276	3,247	1,910	1,271	3,181	706	1,950	2,656
1961	2,000	1,214	3,214	1,899	1,654	3,553	807	1,510	2,317
1962	2,214	1,345	3,559	2,291	1,542	3,833	730	1,313	2,043
1963	2,189	1,561	3,750	2,152	1,131	3,283	767	1,743	2,510
1964	2,544	1,520	4,064	2,463	1,605	4,068	848	1,658	2,506



1965	2,366	1,535	3,901	2,444	1,341	3,785	770	1,852	2,622
1966	2,639	3,012	5,651	2,429	1,412	3,841	980	3,452	4,432
1967	2,826	2,493	5,319	2,515	1,566	4,081	1,291	4,379	5,670
1968	3,489	3,317	6,806	3,138	3,032	6,170	1,642	4,664	6,306
1969	4,185	3,512	7,697	3,731	2,737	6,468	2,096	5,439	7,535
1970	4,273	3,203	7,476	3,779	2,569	6,348	2,590	6,073	8,663
1971	5,338	2,641	7,979	4,588	1,903	6,491	3,340	6,811	10,151
1972	4,853	4,223	9,076	5,053	1,769	6,822	3,140	9,265	12,405
1973	6,298	3,876	10,174	6,112	2,063	8,175	3,326	11,078	14,404
1974	5,423	2,780	8,203	5,103	3,158	8,261	3,646	10,700	14,346
1975	6,192	3,336	9,528	5,749	2,978	8,727	4,089	11,058	15,147
1976	5,549	2,705	8,254	4,904	2,830	7,734	4,734	10,933	15,667
1977	9,251	5,250	14,501	8,714	1,681	10,395	5,271	14,502	19,773
1978	13,723	7,117	20,840	10,624	6,471	17,095	8,370	15,148	23,518
1979	16,088	4,666	20,754	11,988	3,845	15,833	12,470	15,969	28,439
1980	21,749	4,616	26,365	14,520	2,433	16,953	19,699	18,152	37,851
1981	24,474	6,566	31,040	16,528	2,162	18,690	27,645	22,556	50,201
1982	29,706	13,804	43,510	26,593	2,519	29,112	30,758	33,841	64,599
1983	37,602	18,300	55,902	35,745	10,079	45,824	32,615	42,062	74,677
1984	37,799	11,275	49,074	28,813	6,734	35,547	41,601	46,603	88,204
1985	36,243	15,349	51,592	36,004	15,074	51,078	41,840	46,878	88,718
1986	22,334	5,547	27,881	17,881	12,819	30,700	46,293	39,606	85,899
1987	22,234	5,806	28,040	15,476	6,331	21,807	53,051	39,081	92,132
1988	21,950	5,771	27,721	15,714	4,181	19,895	59,287	40,671	99,958
1989	21,213	6,256	27,469	17,389	4,011	21,400	63,111	42,916	1,06,027
1990	22,265	6,223	28,488	20,890	4,348	25,238	64,486	44,791	1,09,027
1991	26,283	6,218	32,501	28,679	6,662	35,341	62,090	44,347	1,06,437
1992	20,435	6,251	26,686	20,234	15,613	35,847	62,291	34,985	97,476*
1993	18,778	2,870	21,648	17,166	3,718	20,884	37,549	21,245**	(98,240)58,794**
1994	29,271	12,775	42,046	35,853	12,037	47,890	30,967	21,983	52,950
1995	35,689	15,754	51,443	51,547	16,790	68,337	15,109	20,947	36,056
1996	26,778	6,628	33,406	35,227	10,989	46,216	6,660	16,586	23,246
1997	27,771	4,584	32,355	29,130	7,439	36,569	5,301	13,731	19,032



1998	32,769	3,790	36,559	31,054	4,179	35,233	7,016	13,342	20,358
1999	30,795	3,888	34,683	30,847	3,860	34,707	6,964	13,370	20,334
2000	32,604	4,507	37,111	30,980	4,320	35,300	8,588	13,557	22,145
2001	32,954	6,465	39,419	32,686	6,156	38,842	8,856	13,866	22,722
2002	37,781	6,271	44,052	36,903	5,536	42,439	9,734	14,601	24,335
2003	42,823	7,571	50,394	41,074	6,905	47,979	11,483	15,267	26,750
2004	51,362	7,569	58,931	47,850	7,680	55,530	14,995	15,156	30,151
2005	45,342	5,198	50,540	41,794	4,416	46,210	18,543	15,938	34,481
2006	55,402	5,300	53,066	43,957	4,070	48,027	26,170	18,649	44,819
JAN., 2007	5,831	475	6,306	5,490	353	5,843	22,702	17,541	40,243
FEB., 2007	5,779	831	6,610	5,252	523	5,775	23,229	17,849	41,078
MAR., 2007	5,705	757	6,462	5,485	474	5,959	23,449	18,132	41,581
APR., 2007	5,638	563	6,201	5,570	482	6,052	23,517	18,213	41,730
MAY, 2007	6,206	795	7,001	5,528	619	6,147	24,195	18,389	42,584
JUN., 2007	1,769	45	1,814	749	69	818	25,215	18,365	43,580
JUL., 2007	4,854	513	5,367	4,854	365	5,219	25,215	18,513	43,728
AUG., 2007	6,039	648	6,687	5,302	865	6,167	25,952	18,296	44,248
SEP., 2007	5,945	673	6,618	5,727	320	6,047	26,170	18,649	44,819

* The pendency figures shown upto the year 1992 indicates the number of matters after expanded hyphenated number on files.

** From 1993 onwards the figure of pendency of matters are actual file-wise, i.e., without expanding hyphenated number on files.



6

ARREARS COMMITTEE

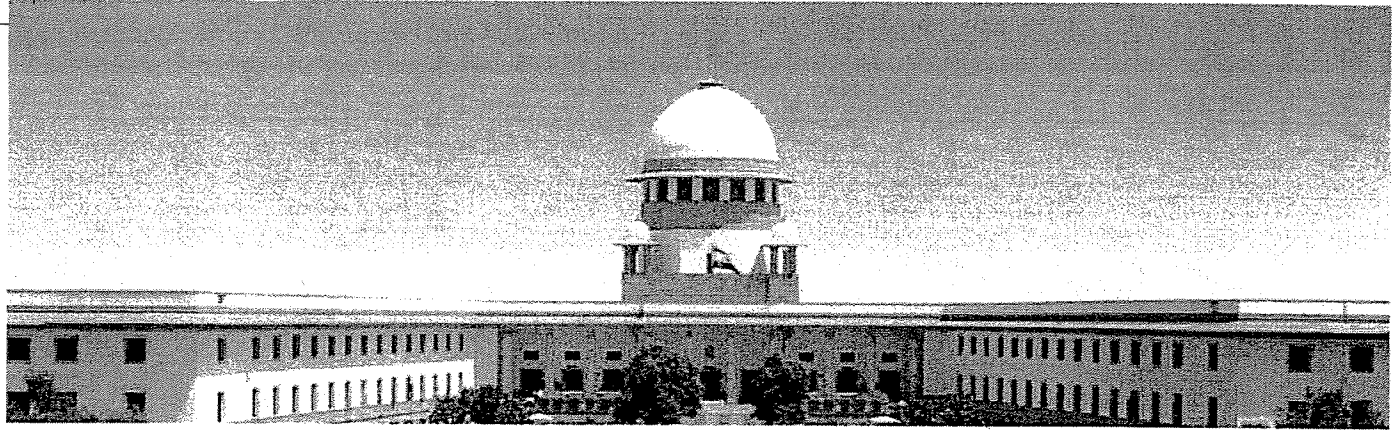
*H*on'ble the then Chief Justice of India, Justice Y.K. Sabharwal constituted the Arrears Committee by an order dated 20th December, 2005 with Hon'ble Mr. Justice S.B. Sinha as Chairman to suggest ways and means to reduce the pendency of cases in various levels of the Courts.

Since its constitution, the Committee has been collecting data of various categories of cases in the Courts throughout the country with a view to evolve a system of court management.

The Arrears Committee submitted a preliminary report to Hon'ble the Chief Justice of India for the consideration at the conference of Chief Justices held on 6th and 7th April, 2007. The Committee is in the process of finalising guidelines, suggestions and measures to bring down the period of 'pendency' of a case, as also to bring down the mounting arrears.

The Committee has also been undertaking several collateral projects. In the year 2007, two

noteworthy projects have been commenced. The first project is in the nature of experimental pilot project to ascertain whether it is possible to reduce the overall pendency by disposing of cases pertaining to petty offences. The Arrears Committee has found that the main problem is really at the level of the Courts of the Magistrates. The Arrears Committee suggested the holding of Mega Lok Adalat in Delhi with the help of NALSA and DLSA for the disposal of the traffic offences and other compoundable offences. Accordingly, Mega Lok Adalat was held on 8th and 9th September, 2007 at four district centers at Tis Hazari, Karkardooma, Rohini and Patiala House and on these two days as many as 43,202 traffic challans and cases pertaining to the Weights and Measures Act, were disposed of, and a compounding fee of Rs. 63,33,535/- was collected. 51 Metropolitan Magistrates/Special Metropolitan Magistrates were deputed on 8th and 60 Metropolitan Magistrates/Special Metropolitan Magistrates on 9th. The experimental pilot project suggests that if



concerted effort is made in other large metropolitan cities, it is possible to dispose of a huge number of cases pertaining to petty offences. This will, by itself, drastically bring down the number of pending cases, and give room to Magistrates to concentrate on other cases, which need more attention.

The second project undertaken by the Arrears Committee is with regard to finding out ways and means of efficient settlement and disposal of motor accident claims. The pilot project in this regard is expected to be initiated in New Delhi and Bhopal during the course of the year. A computer software is in the process of being developed by the National Informatics Centre and assistance will be taken of law students in carrying out the research project. It is expected that if law students are actively involved in the venture and their involvement is meaningful and successful, law students all over the country can be involved in similar projects not only with regard to motor accident claim cases but also other categories of cases so that empirical data is available for the better administration of courts and management of cases.

The Arrears Committee has prepared White Paper suggesting broad ways and means of tackling the problem of arrears and backlog of pending cases. They are hereunder:-

(A) The Committee feels that the problem of arrears cannot be tackled by a generalized approach, taking the broad figures of

pending cases all over the country and assessing the number of judicial personnel available. The experience of the Committee has shown that the only way to tackle the problem of arrears is to have an in-depth analysis and categorization of pending cases at every level namely, Courts of the Civil Judge, Junior Divisions, Judicial Magistrates of First Class, Metropolitan Magistrates, Courts of Civil Judge Senior Division, High Courts, Chief Judicial Magistrates, District Courts, and various Tribunals functioning in the States. Experience has shown that each High Court and each State has different problems. Statistics that have been obtained reveal bottlenecks at different levels.

- (B) With the increased use of computers and the development of e-governance in the judiciary, it is necessary that in every State a specialized body should be set up, headed by retired judicial persons and assisted by professional managers. The mandate of this body would be:
 - (i) An analysis of topic-wise pending cases in the State at every level as for instance:
 - How many criminal trials are pending and before whom;
 - What did this trial pertain to;
 - Why are trials being delayed and what are the factors causing the delay;
 - How many land acquisition cases are



pending and at what level;

How many references are pending in the High Courts;

What are the issues and the references pending in the High Courts;

Are these issues already covered by judgments of the Apex Court.

➤ Identifying sales tax references

How many sales tax references are made in the High Court;

What are the points involved.

This exercise has to be conducted for every type of case.

➤ All cases under Section 138 of the Negotiable Instruments Act.

(ii) The Committee would then make suggestions to the Chief Justice of the High Court to tackle specific areas or bottlenecks, taking one issue at a time. For instance, in the matter of sales tax references which are pending in the Court, after categorization of all the references, recommendations can be made to the Chief Justice as to how these issues are to be proceeded with.

(iii) The Committee would also identify and differentiate between on-track and off-track cases. There is software which has been developed, which would make available the status of each and every case pending in Maharashtra. The Committee

would examine cases court-wise and prepare a list of cases which may be “dead, covered or which are negated, or which by reason of procedural defaults on the part of the person in carriage of the proceedings, the case cannot be proceeded with.” Such cases would automatically be put into what could be described as “negative list” and would therefore not be placed before the Court at all, unless the person prosecuting the proceedings removes the defects and brings it back on track. This would save considerable judicial time.

Apart from Court management and case law management which has been briefly touched upon above, another vital aspect of improving judicial efficiency and case management is judicial training at different levels and different phases. Judicial training can be divided at the level of :-

- a. National Judicial Academy
- b. State Judicial Academies
- c. Through Video Conferencing and distance education through National Judicial Academy
- d. Providing Induction Training to Officers at both levels, i.e. State Judicial Academies and National Judicial Academy.
- e. Special training in relation to specialized areas like plea-bargaining, gender justice and juvenile justice, etc.

EXHIBIT N

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THE TIMES OF INDIA The Times of India -Breaking news, views, reviews, cricket from across India

'Judiciary equally to blame for backlog'

30 Nov 2007, 0144 hrs IST, Manoj Mitta , TNN

NEW DELHI: A close scrutiny of the recent performance report made public by CJI K G Balakrishnan on the status of the judicial system shows that the judiciary itself is not blameless for prolonged vacancies in the judiciary that has heightened the larger problem of delay and arrears in the disposal of cases.

The reports shows the vacancy situation is bad not only in the subordinate judiciary, where the appointments are made by the respective state governments, but also in the high courts, where the superior judiciary calls the shots in the appointment of judges.

Consider the latest available figures cited by CJI himself — out of the sanctioned strength of 792 judges in the 21 high courts across the country, the working strength was 586. This works out to 26% vacancies against sanctioned strength in the high courts. Out of the sanctioned strength of 15,399 subordinate judges in the country, the working strength was 12,368 — with vacancies accounting for 20% in the subordinate judiciary.

In other words, while in absolute terms, a larger number of judges have to be appointed in the lower courts, a higher percentage of posts of judges are lying vacant in the high courts. Justice Balakrishnan also gave the data on the manner in which the arrears had gone up over seven years at the two levels of the judiciary. He ended up showing that the rate of increase in the arrears was more in the high courts than in the subordinate courts.

According to the CJI's report, the arrears increased in the high courts from 27.5 lakh cases in 1999 to 36.5 lakh cases in 2006. In the subordinate courts, the arrears increased over the same seven-year period from 2 crore cases to 2.48 crore cases.

Thus, the arrears grew by 33% in the high courts while they grew by 24% in the subordinate courts.

So while the CJI made a case against the executive, facts would show that both the government and the judiciary are to blame. Obfuscating the distinction in the systems of appointment to the subordinate judiciary and the high courts, Justice Balakrishnan claimed: "That takes us to the selection and appointment process where the government has a greater role than the judiciary."

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EXHIBIT O



**PARLIAMENT OF INDIA
RAJYA SABHA**

DEPARTMENT-RELATED PARLIAMENTARY STANDING COMMITTEE ON HOME AFFAIRS

EIGHTY-FIFTH REPORT

**ON
LAW'S DELAYS: ARREARS IN COURTS**

*(PRESENTED TO HON'BLE CHAIRMAN, RAJYA SABHA ON 31 DECEMBER, 2001)
(FORWARDED TO HON'BLE SPEAKER ON 31 DECEMBER, 2001)*

*(LAID ON THE TABLE OF RAJYA SABHA ON 7TH MARCH, 2002)
LAID ON THE TABLE OF LOK SABHA 26TH FEBRUARY, 2002)*

RAJYA SABHA SECRETARIAT
NEW DELHI
DECEMBER, 2001/PAUSA 1923 (SAKA)

CS (HA)-161

C O N T E N T S

1. COMPOSITION OF THE COMMITTEE (1999-2000)
2. COMPOSITION OF THE COMMITTEE (2001)
3. COMPOSITION OF THE SUB-COMMITTEE (2000)
4. COMPOSITION OF THE SUB-COMMITTEE (2001)
5. INTRODUCTION
6. REPORT
 - Law's Delays & Delays in Disposal of Cases
 - Proposed Amendments in Criminal Procedure Code
 - Amendments in Civil Procedure Code
 - Pendency Malimath Committee Report on the Problem of Arrears
 - Vacancies of Judges
 - Strength of Judges
 - Case load and Judicial Manpower Requirement
 - Liquidation of pendency in High Courts Alternative Mode of Dispute Settlement
 - Suggestion received from individuals/lawyers/retired judges
 - Other Initiative towards Judicial Reforms
 - Law Commission of India
 - Legal Education in India

APPENDIX VII

Latest figures available as on 31st August, 2000

NO. OF CASES PENDING IN THE DISTRICT/SUBORDINATE COURTS

Sl. No.	Name of States UTs	As on	Civil	Criminal	Total
1.	Andhra Pradesh	12/99	561351	433523	994874
2.	Aruncahal Pradesh	06/99	331	1469	1800
3.	Assam	12/99	44723	116804	161527
4.	Bihar	12/99	253692	999204	1252896
5.	Goa	12/99	27542	12041	39583
6.	Gujarat	12/99	642133	2498023	3140156
7.	Haryana	12/99	201656	293145	494801
8.	Himachal Pradesh	12/99	71297	67826	139123
9.	Jammu & Kashmir	12/99	46529	75386	121915
10.	Karnataka	12/99	662269	421046	1083315
11.	Kerala	12/99	218847	376683	595530
12.	Madhya Pradesh	12/99	357390	1033516	1390906
13.	Maharashtra	12/99	860508	1828967	2689475
14.	Manipur	12/99	4524	3614	8138
15.	Meghalaya	12/99	261	1968	2229
16.	Mizoram	12/99	1890	1001	2891
17.	Nagaland	12/99	-----Not available-----		
18.	Orissa	06/99	129757	528780	658537
19.	Punjab	12/99	201118	174094	375212
20.	Rajasthan	06/99	280893	573999	845892
21.	Sikkim	12/99	467	1352	1819
22.	Tamil Nadu	12/99	537363	305889	843252
23.	Tripura	12/99	5921	12767	18688
24.	Uttar Pradesh	06/99	1008471	2298622	3307093
25.	West Bengal	12/99	457254	845264	1311518
26.	And. & Nicobar	06/99	552	56	608
27.	Chandigarh	12/99	12961	32206	45167
28.	Dadra & N. Haveli	12/99	273	1035	1308
29.	Daman & Diu	12/99	558	598	1156
30.	Delhi	12/99	157531	305542	463073
31.	Lakshadweep	12/99	83	110	193
32.	Pondicherry	12/99	5845	5789	11634
TOTAL:			6753990	13259319	20013309

APPENDIX VIII

Sl. No.	Name of States UTs	Numbers of Cases pending over	As on
		years old in the District/ Subordinate Courts	

1.	2	7	9
1.	Andhra Pradesh	7177	6/2000
2.	Aruncahal Pradesh	0	6/1999

10

EXHIBIT P







**Tuesday, February 26,
2008, Chandigarh, India**

But what

OPINIONS

[Editorials](#) | [Article](#) | [Middle](#) | [Oped](#)

NEWS AND VIEWS

- **PUNJAB**
- **HARYANA**
- **JAMMU & KASHMIR**
- **HIMACHAL**
- **REGIONAL BRIEFS**
- **NATION**
- **OPINIONS**
- **MAILBAG**
- **BUSINESS**
- **SPORTS**
- **WORLD**

SPECIAL COVERAGE

- **CHANDIGARH**
- **LUDHIANA**
- **DELHI**

THE TRIBUNE SPECIALS
50 YEARS OF
INDEPENDENCE

TERCENTENARY
CELEBRATIONS



INDIANS NOT IN INDIA

EDITORIALS

Budgeting for growth

Don't resort to populism for votes

THIS being the last full-scale budget before the general election, Finance Minister P. Chidambaram is widely expected to rain sops and tax concessions.

More judges for SC

Bringing justice on the fast track

THE Union Cabinet's decision to increase the strength of the Supreme Court judges from 26 to 31 was long overdue, given the huge backlog of cases and consequent problems faced by the litigants, the lawyers and the judges.

Cleaning up canals

Punjab takes up the challenge

THE repair of a canal normally would not have attracted much notice but for the fact that it is for the first time since Independence that a government in Punjab has undertaken to revamp the dilapidated canal system.

- **Thought for the day**

ARTICLE

Pakistan after polls

It's time to have a democratic constitution

by S. Nihal Singh

AS politicians wrestle to shape the future after a famous victory and President Pervez Musharraf frets, where is Pakistan headed? Two things are clear. The election results have brought down the curtain on the Musharraf era and the political class has been given another chance to revive Pakistan's version of democracy.

MIDDLE

Visitor from Hamburg

by **Trilochan Singh Trewin**

THE Central Library in Sector-17, Chandigarh, had just opened when I stepped into the reference section. I noticed a middle-aged European engaged in animated discussion with the assistant librarian. The visitor was asking for a book titled

EARLIER STORIES

- **Intolerance unlimited**
February 25, 2008
- **Different strokes**
February 24, 2008
- **Judges vs Judges**
February 23, 2008
- **Cricket under hammer**
February 22, 2008
- **Defeat of a dictator**
February 21, 2008
- **Standing tall**
February 20, 2008
- **Ballot under bayonet**
February 19, 2008
- **Talking growth**
February 18, 2008
- **Pakistan's problems**
February 17, 2008
- **Pappu Yadav MP — a lifer**
February 16, 2008

UPA's political agenda, he may widen further the gap between the government's earnings and expenditure. Though the FM may boast of meeting the 2007-08 fiscal deficit target of 3 per cent of the GDP, the fact is the government hides the real figure by excluding the state deficits and off-budget items like bonds issued to oil companies and the losses of the state power boards. The actual fiscal deficit, according to the IMF, may come to an alarming 8 per cent of the GDP. This is bound to have an impact on the economy affecting both the rich and the poor.

The Central and state governments take huge loans and then splurge on freebies that are intended to fetch votes for the ruling parties. People feel the pain of direct tax hikes but do not mind if governments accumulate debt. India's public debt is at a whopping 75 per cent of the GDP. Loans are good if the money is spent on boosting agricultural or industrial output or on providing better access to the deprived to food, shelter, clean water, education and health. But subsidies are generally either misspent or swallowed by middlemen.

The FM's compulsions are understandable but he should not allow himself to get carried away by a purely political agenda. Instead, he should face the challenges, which are formidable. A vast majority is without any social security, pension or health insurance. The rural employment guarantee scheme, being extended to all 600-odd districts in the country, requires massive funds and efforts on the ground. The Sixth Pay Commission report is due. States too will revise staff salaries. With the prices already rising by the day, the burden and the threat to inflation will be awesome. The US slowdown and soaring oil prices will also hit the economy. The rupee rise has decelerated exports. The spurt in food prices is bound to push up inflation, which could undo all the goodwill that the UPA hopes to generate through a please-all budget. The rosy picture the Finance Minister has been projecting may not turn out to be so actually.



More judges for SC Bringing justice on the fast track

THE Union Cabinet's decision to increase the strength of the Supreme Court judges from 26 to 31 was long overdue, given the huge backlog of cases and consequent problems faced by the litigants, the lawyers and the judges. Chief Justice K.G. Balakrishnan said the other day that there are nearly 60,000 cases pending in the apex court itself. The situation is no better in the country's 21 High Courts and subordinate courts. While the latest decision will, certainly, ease the apex court's burden, efforts need to be stepped up to tackle the problem of vacancies in the High Courts and the subordinate courts also. **Unfortunately, the strength of judges in India is far less compared with other major democracies — 13.05 judges per million people as against the US (130 per million), the UK (100 per million), Canada (75 per million) and Australia (58 per million).** The Law Commission of India's recommendation for increasing the strength of judges to at least 50 judges per million population has not been implemented.

Despite the Supreme Court's directives, the selection process for the appointment of judges has not been expedited. The slow pace with which the Centre and the states handle the matter has exacerbated the problem. The Chief Ministers take a long time to peruse the files and politics do intervene in the recommendation of names. The selection process can be expedited through advance planning even before a vacancy arises. The modus operandi should be such that a person is appointed to the post just the day after the incumbent judge attained superannuation.

Along with population explosion, industrial growth and construction boom, people's problems have also multiplied; the crime rate has also increased. The courts can work efficiently and effectively by organising themselves better. Specialised benches can deal with civil, criminal and commercial cases and the larger bench of nine judges should deal with constitutional matters. The ultimate goal should be to help every court function to its full strength and ensure speedy justice to the litigants. Mere appointment of more judges will not be enough. Judicial procedures also need to be changed to cut delays. The effort to provide speedy justice has to come from both the executive and the judiciary. What we see is the blame game – each wing accusing the other for arrears.



Cleaning up canals Punjab takes up the challenge

THE repair of a canal normally would not have attracted much notice but for the fact that it is for the first time since Independence that a government in Punjab has undertaken to revamp the dilapidated canal system. The embankments along a 25-km stretch of the Patiala feeder, which irrigates large parts of Patiala, Sangrur and Mansa districts, have been strengthened and 4-5 feet of silt has been removed from its bed within just three weeks at a reduced cost of Rs 25 crore. It shows that collective effort and can-do attitude with right motivation from the top can work wonders.

The canal network in Punjab has been in bad shape for long. Because of high levels of silt accumulating over the years and broken embankments, the water supply in the canals has sharply reduced. As a result, the area under canal irrigation has come down from 42 per cent in 1990-91 to 28 per cent now. The farmers at the tail-end of the canals are the worst sufferers. They have to depend more on tubewells, particularly in view of the increased cultivation of paddy. Besides, seepage from the ill-maintained canals has aggravated the problem of water-logging in the Malwa region.

Political posturing and social conflicts over water issues notwithstanding, not much has been done either in Punjab or Haryana to preserve the existing water resources. Lack of funds due to Punjab's precarious financial condition and the non-levy of user-charges due to policies of appeasement have hit canal maintenance work. Realising the gravity of the situation, the Punjab government has formulated a Rs 3,243-crore plan to repair canals, check water-logging, control floods and recharge ground water. This is commendable, but is not enough. A mass movement is required to conserve and revive water resources, harvest rainwater and encourage the use of sprinklers and drip irrigation to overcome water shortages in the long run.



Thought for the day

You can never be too rich or too thin.

— **Duchess of Windsor**



EXHIBIT Q

Committee on Reforms of Criminal Justice System

Government of India, Ministry of Home Affairs

Report VOLUME I

**INDIA
March 2003**

COURTS AND JUDGES

9.1 Huge pendency of cases and poor rate of convictions are the twin problems of the judiciary. The major area that needs attention for improving the situation is providing adequate number of Judges who are proficient in dealing with criminal cases.

9.2 APPOINTMENT TO SUBORDINATE COURTS

The statistics reflect gross inadequacy of the Judge strength at all levels. The Supreme Court has recently examined this issue and given directions to increase the Judge strength from the existing Judge population ratio of 10.5 or 13 Judges per million of people to 50 Judges per million people in a phased manner within five years in its decision in (2002)4.S.C.247, All India Judges Association and others Vs. Union of India. Right to speedy trial, as held by the Supreme Court flows from Article 21 of the Constitution. Therefore it is expected that the directions of the Supreme Court would be implemented within a reasonable time. Once that happens, problem of inadequacy of Judge strength will be solved. Hence it is not necessary for the Committee to examine the question of inadequacy of Judge strength. However, the Committee would like to observe that within the standard set for determining the number of Judges required, it may be necessary for each State to make an estimate of the number of Judges required to be appointed having regard to pendency and the inflow of fresh cases and nature of litigation etc.

9.3 APPOINTMENT TO HIGH COURTS

It is unfortunate that large number of vacancies in the High Court remain unfilled for a long time inspite of the formula given by the "Arrears Committee" for determining the Judge strength and for expediting the appointment process. Now that the appointment process is mainly under the control of the judiciary the blame for this delay is largely on the judiciary. The Chief Justice of India and the Chief Justices of the High Courts must take immediate steps to curb this unconscionable delay in appointments.